## Week 15 Discussion

## CAS CS 132: Geometric Algorithms

December 11, 2023

During discussion sections, we will go over three problems.

- The first will be a warm-up question, to help you verify your understanding of the material.
- The second will be a solution to a problem on the assignment of the previous week.
- The third will be a problem similar to one on the assignment of the following week.

The remainder of the time will be dedicated to open Q\&A.

## 1 LAA 6.6.10 (Warm Up)

Suppose radioactive substances $A$ and $B$ have decay constants of 0.02 and 0.07 , respectively. If a mixture of these two substances at time $t=0$ contains $M_{A}$ grams of $A$ and $M_{B}$ grams of $B$, then a model for the total amount of $y$ of the mixture present at time $t$ is

$$
y=M_{A} e^{-0.2 t}+M_{B} e^{-0.7 t}
$$

Suppose the initial amounts $M_{A}$ and $M_{B}$ are unknown, but a scientist is able to measure the total amounts present at several times and records the following points $\left(t_{i}, y_{i}\right)$ :

$$
(10,21.34),(11,20.68),(12,20.05),(14,18.87),(15,18.30)
$$

Find the design matrix $X$ such that the least squares solution of

$$
X\left[\begin{array}{l}
M_{A} \\
M_{B}
\end{array}\right]=\left[\begin{array}{l}
18.30 \\
18.87 \\
20.05 \\
20.68 \\
21.34
\end{array}\right]
$$

provides an estimate for $M_{A}$ and $M_{B}$.
Solution.

## 2 Least Square (Homework 11)

Let $C$ be an arbitrary $m \times n$ matrix of rank $k$ and let $\mathbf{b}$ be an arbitrary vector in $\mathbb{R}^{m}$. Find an expression for the maximum size of a linearly independent set of least squares solutions for $C \mathbf{x}=\mathbf{b}$ where $\mathbf{b} \neq 0$.

Solution.

## 3 Design Matrices

Write Python code (or pseudocode) which builds the design matrix for modeling with the function

$$
f(x)=\beta_{0}+\beta_{1} x+\beta_{2} x^{2}+\cdots+\beta_{k} x^{k}
$$

given a feature vector $\mathbf{x}$ (i.e., a vector representing the independent variable for a collection of data points) represented as a 1D NumPy array, and an integer $k$ which determines the degree used in $f$.
Solution.

