# Assignment 1

## CAS CS 132: Geometric Algorithms

### Due September 11, 2025 by 8:00PM

Your solutions should be submitted via Gradescope as a single pdf. They must be exceptionally neat (or typed) and the final answer in your solution to each problem must be abundantly clear, e.g., surrounded in a box. Also make sure to cite your sources per the instructions in the course manual.

These problems are based (sometimes heavily) on problems that come from *Linear Algebra and it's Applications* by David C. Lay, Steven R. Lay, and Judi J. McDonald. As a reminder, we recommend this textbook as a source for supplementary exercises. The relevant sections for this assignment are: 1.1, 1.2.

#### **Basic Problems**

1. Determine the coefficient matrix and the augmented matrix of the following linear system.

$$x_1 - 2x_2 - 2x_3 = 2$$
$$2x_1 - 3x_2 - 5x_3 = 2$$
$$-2x_1 + 2x_2 + 7x_3 = -1$$

2. Determine the linear system whose augmented matrix is the following.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 & 7 \\ 1 & 3 & 0 & 2 & 15 \\ -2 & -6 & 0 & -3 & -27 \end{bmatrix}$$

3. Verify that (1,3,2,3) is a solution of the following linear system.

$$x_1 - 2x_2 + x_3 - 2x_4 = -9$$

$$x_1 - x_2 - x_3 - 2x_4 = -10$$

$$-3x_1 + 8x_2 - 6x_3 + 4x_4 = 21$$

$$2x_2 - 7x_3 + 7x_4 = 13$$

4. Demonstrate that the following linear system has a unique solution. Also determine the solution.

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$$x_1 - 2x_2 - 2x_3 = -7$$
$$-x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 = 10$$
$$2x_1 - 6x_2 - 3x_3 = -18$$

5. Apply the row operations:

$$R_4 \leftarrow -R_4$$

$$R_2 \leftarrow R_2 - 2R_3$$

$$R_2 \leftarrow R_2 - 5R_4$$

$$R_3 \leftarrow R_3 + 3R_4$$

$$R_3 \leftrightarrow R_2$$

from top to bottom to the following matrix.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 9 & 5 & -7 & -5 & -9 \\ 5 & -7 & 1 & -2 & -9 \\ 5 & 1 & -10 & 6 & -5 \\ 5 & 7 & -5 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

6. Determine a general form solution for a linear system whose augmented matrix is row equivalent to the following matrix.

7. Determine the reduced echelon form of the following matrix. You must write down the intermediate matrices and row operations you used in your calculation.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -2 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & 4 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & -6 & 2 \\ -2 & 1 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

### True/False

Determine if each statement is **true** or **false** and justify your answer. In particular, if the statement is false, provide a counterexample if possible.

- 1. Elementary row operations cannot change the solution set of a linear system.
- 2. There is a linear system with exactly three solutions.
- 3. If *A* is the augmented matrix of an inconsistent linear system, and *B* is a matrix such that  $A \sim B$  (that is, *A* and *B* are row equivalent), then *B* is the augmented matrix of an inconsistent linear system.
- 4. If  $A \sim B$  and  $A \sim C$  and B and C are in reduced echelon form, then B = C.
- 5. There is a unique sequence of row operations that reduces a given matrix to reduced echelon form.
- 6. If a general form solution of a linear system has a free variable, then the system must have infinitely many solutions.

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- 7. A matrix may have different pivot positions depending on the sequence of row operations used to attain a matrix in echelon form.
- 8. A linear system over 3 variables and 2 equations must be consistent.
- 9. If the coefficient matrix of a linear system as more rows than columns, then the system must have infinitely many solutions.

# **More Difficult Problems**

1. For what values of the coefficient *h* is the following system inconsistent?

$$x + 4y = -1$$
$$3x - hy = 7$$

Is there a value of *h* for which the above system has infinitely many solutions? Justify your answer.

2. Consider the following linear system with two unknown coefficients *h* and *k*.

$$hx + 2y = 1$$
$$3x + 9y = k$$

- (a) Determine values of *h* and *k* so that the above linear system has no solutions.
- (b) Determine values of h and k so that the above linear system has exactly one solution.
- (c) Determine values of *h* and *k* so that the above linear system has infinitely many solutions.

# **Challenge Problems (Optional)**

1. Consider the following general form solution.

$$x_1 = -6 + 6x_3 + 2x_5$$
  
 $x_2 = 4 + 4x_3 + 6x_5$   
 $x_3$  is free  
 $x_4 = -4 + 5x_5$   
 $x_5$  is free

Determine a general form solution that describes the same solution set but in which  $x_1$  is free.

2. Determine what must hold of *a*, *b*, *c*, *d*, *f*, and *g* so that the following system is inconsistent.

$$ax + by = f$$
$$cx + dy = g$$