

FR Type / Borrow Safety II

Thm (Type / Borrow Safety):

data:

S_1 : store

Γ_1, Γ_2 : typing env.

e : expression

τ : type

l : lifetime

γ : fresh variable

premises:

- S_1 is valid (no dup. owned box. $l_1 \dots l_n$)
- Γ_1 is l -well-formed
 - { ① referent contains reference
 - { ② everything contains l
- Γ_1 is borrow safe (multiple refs \Rightarrow immutable)
- $\Gamma_1 \sim S_1$
- $\boxed{\Gamma_1 \vdash (e : \tau)^l \vdash \Gamma_2}$ (e is well-typed)

conclusions:

- $\exists S_2$ (store), v (value) s.t. $\langle S_1 \triangleright e \Downarrow S_2 \triangleright v \rangle^l$ (progress)
- $S_2 \vdash v \sim \tau$ (value typing, valid typing) (preservation)

- $\Gamma_2 \sim S_2$ why the added binding?
- $S_2 [l_y \mapsto \langle v \rangle^l]$ is valid
- $\Gamma_2 [y \mapsto \langle \tau \rangle^l]$ is l -well-formed
- $\Gamma_2 [y \mapsto \langle \tau \rangle^l]$ is borrow safe (borrow safety)

Proof. By induction on derivations,

case (int):

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash c : \text{int} \quad \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash \langle c : \text{int} \rangle^e + \Gamma} \text{ (int)}$$

$$\frac{}{\langle S \triangleright c \Downarrow S \triangleright c \rangle^e} \text{ (int-eval)}$$

$S \triangleright c \sim \text{int}$ ✓
 $\Gamma \sim S$ ✓
 $S[l_y \mapsto \langle c \rangle^l]$ is valid ✓
 $\Gamma[y \mapsto \langle \text{int} \rangle^l]$ is l -wf. ✓
 $\Gamma[y \mapsto \langle \text{int} \rangle^l]$ is borrow safe ✓

case (copy):

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash w : \langle \tau \rangle^m \quad \boxed{\text{copy}(\tau)} \quad \boxed{\neg \text{rdP}(\Gamma, w)}}{\Gamma \vdash \langle \hat{w} : \tau \rangle^l \dashv \Gamma} (\text{copy})$$

$$\text{read}(S, w) = \langle v \rangle^m$$

$$\frac{}{\langle S \triangleright \hat{w} \Downarrow S \triangleright v \rangle^l} (\text{copy-eval})$$

Lemma: If $\Gamma \vdash w : \langle \tau \rangle^m$ and $S \sim \Gamma$, then $\exists v. \text{s.t.}$
 $\text{read}(S, w) = \langle v \rangle^m$ and $S \vdash v \sim \tau$

not partial
if τ
is not partial

$S \vdash v \sim \tau \checkmark$

$\Gamma \sim S \checkmark$

$S[\ell_y \mapsto \langle v \rangle^\ell]$ is valid because by copy (τ), $\tau = \text{int}$ or $\tau = \&w$
so $v \neq \ell_n$

$\Gamma[r \mapsto \langle \tau \rangle^\ell]$ is l-wf. \checkmark

$\Gamma[\ell \mapsto \langle \tau \rangle^\ell]$ is borrow safe since w is not read prohibited
in Γ .

case (move):

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash w : \langle \tau \rangle^m \quad \boxed{\rightarrow w P(\Gamma, \tau)}}{\Gamma \vdash \langle w : \tau \rangle^l + \text{move}(\Gamma, w)} \quad (\text{move})$$

$$\frac{\text{read}(S_1, w) = \langle v \rangle^m}{\langle S_1 \triangleright w \Downarrow \text{write}(S_1, w, \perp) \triangleright v \rangle^l} \quad (\text{move-eval})$$

$$S_1 = \text{write}(S_1, w, \perp) \quad v = v \quad \checkmark \quad (\text{by prev. lemma})$$

$$S_1 \vdash v \sim \tau \quad \checkmark \quad (\text{by prev. lemma})$$

$$\Gamma_1 \sim S_1$$

$\text{move}(\Gamma_1, w) \sim \text{write}(S, w, \perp)$

Lemma: if $\Gamma \sim S$ then $\text{move}(\Gamma, w) \sim \text{write}(S, w, \perp)$

$S_1[l_y \mapsto \langle v \rangle^l]$ is valid

$\text{write}(S_1, w, \perp)[l_y \mapsto \langle v \rangle^l]$ is valid because if
 $v = l_n^\bullet$ then we reward it from S_1 ✓

$\Gamma[\gamma \mapsto \langle \tau \rangle^{\ell}]$ is l-wf ✓

$\Gamma[\gamma \mapsto \langle \tau \rangle^{\ell}]$ is borrow-safe because if $\tau = \& \text{mut } u$
then the type is moved out by move. If $\tau = \& u$
then we're okay by write prohibit. write prohibit

case (box):

$$\frac{\Gamma_1 \vdash \langle e : \tau \rangle^L \vdash \Gamma_2}{\Gamma_1 \vdash \langle \text{box } e : \Box \tau \rangle^L \vdash \Gamma_2} \text{ (box)}$$

by IH $\exists S_1, v$ s.t. $(S_1 \triangleright e \Downarrow S_2 \triangleright v)^L$ so

$$\frac{\langle S_1 \triangleright e \Downarrow S_2 \triangleright v \rangle^L \quad n \text{ is fresh}}{} \text{ (box-red)}$$

$$\langle S_1 \triangleright \text{box } e \Downarrow \underbrace{S_2 [l_n \mapsto v] \triangleright l_n^\bullet}_{S_2} \rangle^L$$